

LITTLE FLOWER CONVENT HIGH SCHOOL, SOLAPUR

Preliminary Examination – 2022

Class – 10th

Sub. – History & PS

Marks - 40

Q.-1 (A) Choose the correct alternative and rewrite the sentence.

(3)

- 1) Television is an..... medium.
a. Visual b. Audio c. Audio-visual d. radio
- 2) Louvre Museum has in its collection the much acclaimed painting of by Leonardo da Vinci.
a. Napoleon b. Mona lisa c. Hans sloan d. George II
- 3) Bhilar is known as the 'village of'.
a. Books b. Plants c. Mangoes d. Forts

Q.-1 (B) Find the incorrect pair in every set.

(3)

1)

i.	Prabhakar - Acharya P.K. Atre
ii.	Darpan - Balshastri Jambhekar
iii.	Deenbandhu - Krishnarao Bhalekar
iv.	Kesari - Bal Gangadhar Tilak

2)

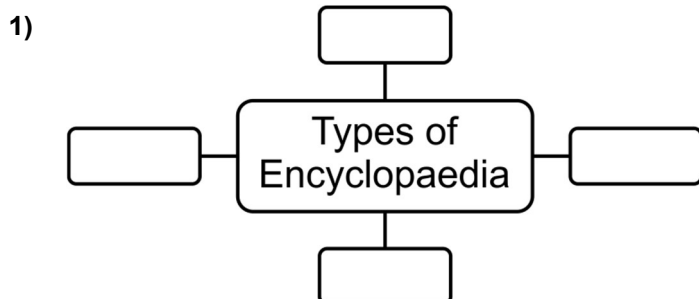
i.	Matheran - Hill station
ii.	Tadoba - Rock – cut caves
iii.	Kolhapur - Pilgrim centre
iv.	Ajanta - World Heritage

3)

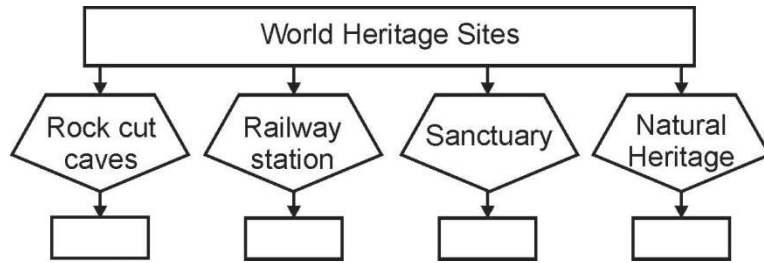
i.	Maharaj Sayajirao University - Delhi
ii.	Banaras Hindu University - Varanasi
iii.	Aligarh Muslim University - Aligarh
iv.	Jivaji University - Gwalior

Q.-2 (A) Complete given concept map. (Any 2)

(4)



2)



3)

i.	James Mill	'The History of British India'
ii.	James Grant Duff
iii.	'The history of India'
iv.	S.A. Darge
v.	Who were the Shudras

Q.-2 (B) Explain the Short Note. (Any 2)

(4)

- 1) Dialectics
- 2) Agro-Tourism.
- 3) Vishwakosh.

Q.3 Explain the statements with reasons. (Any 2)

(4)

- 1) The list of world Heritage Sites is announced by UNESCO.
- 2) Archives and libraries publish research journals, informative pamphlets, leaflets, posters etc.
- 3) It is important to take a few primary precautions in order to preserve the historical heritage sites.
- 4) Toys can tell us about cultural history.

Q.4 Read the following passage and answer the question based on it.

(4)

Radio : 'Indian Broadcasting Company' (IBC), a private radio company was the first one to broadcast daily programmes. Later the same company was taken over by the British Government and named as, 'Indian State Broadcasting Service (ISBS). On 8th June 1936 it was renamed, as 'All India Radio (AIR)'.

After Independence, AIR became an integral part of the Ministry of Information and Broadcasting (India). Initially, it broadcasted Governmental programmes and schemes. It was named as 'Akashvani' on the suggestion of the famous poet Pandit Narendra Sharma. Akashvani broadcasts various entertainment, awareness creating and literary programmes. It also broadcasts special programmes for farmers, workers, the youth and women. The 'Vividh Bharati' programmes are broadcasted in 24 regional languages as well as 146 dialects of Indian languages. Lately, various new channels like 'Radio Mirchi' are providing radio services.

- i. Akashvani (AIR) is an integral part of which ministry?
- ii. What was the new name of IBC?
- iii. In how many regional languages and local dialects are 'Vividh Bharati' programmes broadcasted?
- iv. How AIR was named 'Akashvani' ?

Q.-5 Answer in brief. (Any 2)

(6)

- 1) Describe any three types of tourism?
- 2) Which tasks are important in archives management?
- 3) What is the contribution of Itihasacharya V.K. Rajwade to nationalistic historiography?
- 4) What are the four characteristics of modern historiography?

POLITICAL SCIENCE

Q.-6 Choose the correct alternative and rewrite the sentence.

(2)

- 1) The essence of democracy is.....of power.
a. Universal adult franchise
b. Decentralisation of power
c. Policy of reservation of seats
d. Judicial decisions
- 2) was appointed as the first Chief Election Commissioner of independent India.
a. Dr. Rajendra Prasad
b. T.N. Sheshan
c. Sukumar Sen
d. Neela Satyanarayan

Q.-7) State true or false with reasons. (Any 2)

(4)

- 1) Secrecy in the working of Government has increased due to right to information.
- 2) Political parties are social organisations.
- 3) Movements are important in a democracy.

Q.-8 A) Explain the concepts. (Any 1)

(2)

- 1) Right to information.
- 2) Journey from the ballot box to EVM machine.

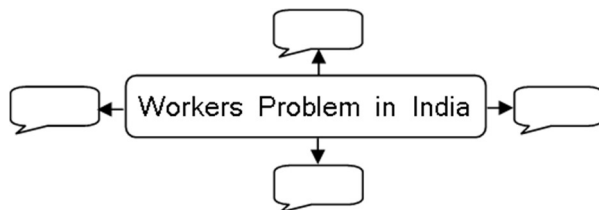
B) Complete the following activity. (Any One)

(2)

1) The functions of the election commission of India.

- 1.
- 2.
- 3.
- 4.

2)



Q.-9 Answer the following questions in brief. (Any 1)

(2)

- 3) What are the effects of reducing the voting age from 21 years to 18 years?
- 4) In the pre-independence period women's movement were working for which reforms?